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## Claims

- Apparatus for the measurement of the total internal resistance of fuel cells and fuel cells stacks comprising an electronic load system which comprises
  - an input unit generating an input pulse
  - a driver for the control of the input pulse
  - a MOSFET module comprising at least one MOSFET device for the generation of a short circuit in a fuel cell
  - a bank of selectable resistors
     and a measuring circuit which comprises
  - a shunt for converting the fuel cell voltage into a current signal
  - differential amplifiers for the current and the voltage signals
  - a data acquisition system which receives the voltage and the current signals obtained by the differential amplifiers.
- 2. Apparatus according to claim 1, characterised in that said MOSFET module produces short circuit pulses of 0.1 to 100 msec.
- 3. Apparatus according to claim 1 or 2 characterised in that the bank of selectable resistors is connected in series with the fuel cell.

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- 4. Apparatus according to the claims 1 to 3, characterised in that active differential probes are included in all the signal connections for the reduction of ambient noises.
- 5. Apparatus according to the claims 1 to 4, characterised in that all connections and resistors are low inductive.
- 6. Apparatus according to the claims 1 to 5,

  characterised in that the load elements are

  connected to a safety system that limits current

  when local temperatures become too high.
- 7. Method for the measurement of the total internal resistance of fuel cells and fuel cells stacks comprising the following steps:
  - generating an input pulse
  - causing a short circuit in the fuel cell by means of a MOSFET module
  - taking the potential measurement of the cell for resistance calculation when the circuit gets closed
  - obtaining the cell current signal by means of a shunt
  - sending the voltage and the current signals to an acquisition system.

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- 8. Method according to claim 7, characterised in that the reactance effect or response is enhanced by a bank of resistors.
- 9. Method according to claim 7 or 8, characterised in that the MOSFET module remains active even by the application of the voltage of a single fuel cell.
- 10. Method according to the claims 7 to 9,

  characterised in that the noise effects on

  measurement errors are reduced by means of the high

  current obtained.
- 11. Method according to the claims 7 to 10,

  characterised in that current pulse trains are

  generated with ON/OFF ratio and operating frequency
  settable by operator.